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APPLICATION NO	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/542,743	04/04/2000	Allan Havemose	AMI 99 0004	5093
32718	7590 06/16	05	EXAMINER	
GATEWA	•	TRUONG, LECHI		
ATTN: SCOTT CHARLES RICHARDSON 610 GATEWAY DR., Y-04 N. SIOUX CITY, SD 57049			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2194	
			DATE MAILED: 06/16/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summany	09/542,743	RUFF, ROBERT O.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
The MAILING DATE of this communication and	LeChi Truong	2194				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>07 February 2005</u>. 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final. 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i>, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. 						
Disposition of Claims						
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-24 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-24 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
Attachment(s)						
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) 🔲 Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D	(PTO-413) ate				
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date		Patent Application (PTO-152)				

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DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 1-24 are presented for the examination.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claims 1, 2, 13, 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Cockrill et al (Us Patent 6,473,740 B2) in view of Freund et al (US. Patent 6,138,169).
- 7. **As to claim 1**, Corkrill teaches the invention substantially as claimed including a method of performing a transaction in a network (transaction network, col 3, ln 54-67), comprising receiving content (the purchase, the purchased item, col 4, ln 40-56/ col 7, ln 60-67); an transaction object (a transaction record, col 4, ln 35-56/ col 7, ln 60-67/ a transaction network request, col 19, ln 5-30), a fist digital information appliance (the customer, col 4, ln 35-56/ col 7, ln 60-67); monitoring usage of the content (the price of the selected item, col 19, ln 5-30), a utilization event of the monitored usage (the identity of the user, col 19, ln 5-30), an occurrence of the utilization event (a pending transaction record, the sum of the prices of the pending transaction records indicating the identity of user, col 19, ln 5-35), storing an occurrence of the utilization (storing a pending transaction record indicating identify of the user...the

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purchase request originated, col 20, ln 1-25), transmitting data related the stored occurrence (forward payment request, col 9, ln 10-20), a network (a secure network, col 9, ln 10-20).

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- 8. Cockrill do not explicit teach transaction as object, the content and transaction information are encapsulated in the transaction object. However, Freund teaches transaction as object, the content and transaction information is encapsulated in the transaction object (A transaction object is an object whose behavior is affected by being invoked within the scope of a transaction. A transaction object typically contains or refers to persistent data that can be modified by transaction request, col 5, ln 27-31).
- 9. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teaching of Cockrill and Freund because Freund's transaction as object, the content and transaction information are encapsulated in the transaction object system would improve the efficiency of Cockrill's system by allowing the object oriented systems to operate with existing of procedure transaction processing system.
- 10. As to claim 2, Cockrill teaches request is send over a network connection (network, col 7, ln 43-67).
- 11. **As to claim 13,** it is an apparatus claim of claim 1; therefore, it is rejected for the same reason as claim 1 above. Additional, Corkrill teaches processor on a digital information appliance (CPU 510, col 9, ln 42-45), a network connection device (a network connection, col 9, ln 42-45), a memory (memory, col 9, ln 25-30).
- 12. **As to claim 14,** it is an apparatus claim of claim 2; therefore, it is rejected for the same reason as claim 2 above.

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13. Claims 3-6, 8-12, 15-18, 20-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Cockrill et al (US Patent 6,473,740 B2) in view of Freund et al (US. Patent 6,138,169), as

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14. **As to claim 3**, Cockrill and Freund do not teach a request object. However, Saulpaugh teaches a request object (the object oriented passing unit, col 3, ln 24-67).

applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Saulpaugh et al (US. Patent 5,590, 334).

- 15. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of Cockrill, Freund and Saulpaugh because Saulpaugh's request object would improve the efficiency of Cockrill and Freund's systems by reducing the time required to perform time critical operations between client tasks and server tasks.
- 16. **As to claim 4,** Saulpaugh teaches a request interface dynamic base object (a message object, an acceptance function with a port object, acceptance function for performing one or more services, col 3, ln 23-67).
- 17. **As to claim 5,** Cockrill teaches the user-defined criterion (payment information, col 4, ln 35-65).
- 18. As to claim 6, Cockrill teaches cost, pricing (payment, col 11, ln 15-35), plurality digital information appliances (number of customers, col 3, ln 54-67).
- 19. As to claim 8, Cockrill teaches the first and second of transaction object (a pending transaction record, the sum of the prices of the pending transaction records indicating the identity of user, col 19, ln 5-35).

- 20. **As to claim 9**, Cockrill teaches payment (payment information, col 4, ln 30-57) and Gilchrist teaches algorithm for the payment of transaction object (message is received as a class of message objects, with out modify the system program, col 3, ln 1-25).
- 21. **As to claim 10**, Corkrill teaches the second digital information appliance (one of merchants, col 3, ln 55-67 to col 4, ln 1-20).
- 22. As to claim 11, Corkrill teaches a central transaction authenticator (centralized, automated services, col 4, ln 1-30), storing and updating user account information (customer account management, col 4, ln 1-15).
- 23. **As to claim 12**, Corkill teaches media and network connection (network as well as an electronic mail, col 4, ln 35-55).
- 24. As to claims 15-18, 20-24, they are apparatus claims of claims 4-12; therefore, they are rejected for the same reasons as claims 4-12 above.
- Claims 7, 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Cockrill et al (Us Patent 6,473,740 B2) in view of Freund et al (US. Patent 6,138,169), as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Sato (Facsimile system).
- 26. **As to claim 7**, Corkrill and Freund do not teach saving the occurrence of the utilization event when the network connection is not available. However, Sato teaches saving the occurrence of the utilization event when the network connection is not available (the transmission line is busy the transfer is not available, the read picture information is stored in a SAF memory, page 1).

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27. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of Cockrill, Freund and Sato because Sato's the storing information would improve the efficiency of Cockrill and Freund's systems by allowing a transmission without incurring cost increase.

28. **As to claim 19**, it is an apparatus claim of claim 7; therefore, it is rejected for the same reason as claim 7 above.

Response to the argument

- 29. Applicant's arguments filed 4/10/2004 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection. Applicant amended the claims. Freund's reference meets the amended feature.
- 30. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

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Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to LeChi Truong whose telephone number is (571) 272 3767. The

examiner can normally be reached on 8 - 5.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Meng-Ai An can be reached on (571) 272-3756. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

may be obtained from either Private PAIR of Public PAIP. Status information for unpublished

applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR

system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIP

system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197(toll-free).

LeChi Truong

June 13, 2005

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